

The New Revelation of Peace Messiah on The Solutions to End the War in Iran & Bring Lasting Peace to the Middle East



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The Spiritual Revelation of Peace Messiah on

The Most Effective Way to End the War in Iran

Without Triggering the Catastrophe of “Armageddon”

As Prophesied in the Book of Revelation of the Bible

Since the United States and Israel launched airstrikes against Iran on February 28, 2026, the war has intensified and spread to neighboring countries. Although the U.S. and Israeli forces possess overwhelming military superiority and have destroyed Iran’s navy and air force, Iranian missile units have continued to launch missile attacks against Israel and U.S. military bases in the Middle East.

By threatening missile strikes on commercial vessels, the Iranian Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC) has effectively closed the Strait of Hormuz — a critical chokepoint for the transport of oil and liquefied natural gas from the Persian Gulf to the Gulf of Oman and the Arabian Sea. The IRGC has further demanded that every vessel passing through the strait pay a substantial fee, an act of extortion that no nation can accept.

The IRGC has also threatened to attack oil infrastructure and power plants in Israel and neighboring Gulf nations if their own energy facilities are targeted by the United States and Israel. Such retaliation would only accelerate Iran’s isolation from the Gulf countries and potential total destruction by the U.S. and Israeli forces, as its air defenses have already been eliminated by U.S. and Israeli airstrikes.

Nevertheless, missile attacks on energy infrastructure in neighboring Gulf states risk triggering a severe regional oil crisis, with potential global financial repercussions, as well as a catastrophic environmental disaster. As additional nations are drawn into the conflict and Iran receives more support from Russia and China, this regional war could escalate into a catastrophe of biblical scale — the “Armageddon” prophesied in the Book of Revelation (16:16).

To end this war with Iran without triggering the prophesied catastrophe of “Armageddon,” it is essential to carefully examine the background, underlying causes, and key factors that will shape the war’s ultimate outcome and to find the solution that minimizes the risk of the catastrophic disaster of “Armageddon”.

I. The Main Causes of the United States-Israel War Against Iran

1. The Extremist Islamic Regime Has Been at War with the United States and Israel for 47 Years Since its Islamic Revolution in 1979

Some have argued that the United States and Israel initiated the current war on February 28, 2026. In reality, the extremist Islamic regime of Iran began its conflict with the United States and Israel 47 years ago, when it seized power through the Islamic Revolution of 1979. At official state events, Iranian leaders have repeatedly declared their ultimate goals: “Death to Israel” and “Death to America.”

On November 4, 1979, Iranian revolutionaries stormed the U.S. Embassy in Tehran and took 66 Americans — including diplomats and other civilian personnel — hostage. Fifty-two of them were held for 444 days until their release on January 20, 1981.

In April 1983, the Islamic Jihad, an Iran-backed terrorist group, carried out a suicide car bombing at the U.S. Embassy in Beirut, killing 17 Americans. In October 1983, Iran-backed Hezbollah terrorists killed 241 U.S. military personnel — including 220 U.S. Marines and 21 other service personnel — in a truck bombing at a Marine compound in Beirut.

In June 1996, Iran-backed Hezbollah Al-Hijaz terrorists killed 19 U.S. Airmen and wounded nearly 500 others in a truck bombing at a U.S. Air Force housing complex in Saudi Arabia. In August 1998, Al-Qaeda suicide bombers, facilitated by Iran-backed Hezbollah, simultaneously bombed U.S. embassies in Kenya and Tanzania, killing 224 people — including a dozen American citizens.

Between 2003 and 2011: Iran-backed militias killed at least 603 U.S. troops in Iraq — “roughly one in every six American combat fatalities in Iraq.” Between October 2003 and November 2024, Iran and its proxies conducted more than 180 attacks against U.S. forces in the Middle East, wounding more than 180 U.S. service members and killing three service members.

Over the past 47 years, the extremist Islamic regime of Iran has been the leading state sponsor of terrorist attacks against the United States and Israel. Previous U.S. administrations were either too cowardly, too incompetent, or too preoccupied with other conflicts to confront Iran directly. This policy of non-response only emboldened the regime to escalate its attacks against the United States and Israel.

Today, as Iran stands on the threshold of developing nuclear weapons, the consequences could be catastrophic if it acquires them and transfers them to terrorist groups such as Hamas and Hezbollah. These jihadist terrorists would not hesitate to detonate a nuclear device or launch a nuclear attack on Israel and the United States if given the opportunity. Their ultimate goal is to annihilate all 10 million Israelis and wipe Israel from the surface of the Earth. In retaliation, Israel could also kill millions of its enemies. That scenario would represent the Catastrophe of “Armageddon” prophesied in the Bible’s Book of Revelation.

The United States and Israel therefore have no choice but to prevent Iran from acquiring nuclear weapons. Failure to do so could result in the loss of millions of lives in a catastrophic nuclear conflict that originates in Iran, engulfs the Middle East, and potentially spreads worldwide.

2. The Massacred of 45,000 Iranians by the Murderous Iranian Regime

Since the Islamic Revolution in 1979, Iran's extremist Islamic regime has oppressed its people for 47 years with ruthless, medieval-style laws rooted in rigid Sharia interpretations. These policies have impoverished most Iranian people while enriching the ruling clerical elite.

At the end of 2025, nationwide protests erupted across Iran, driven by deep-seated grievances including economic collapse, corruption, and long-standing demands for freedoms. These demonstrations quickly grew into one of the largest protests in decades, with Iranians abroad organizing supportive rallies that drew over one million supporters worldwide in solidarity with the brave Iranians inside Iran.

Tragically, the extremist Islamic regime responded with extreme brutality, massacring over 35,000 (up to 45,000, as President Trump claimed) mostly unarmed protesters during the crackdown in early January 2026. This unforgivable atrocity—among the deadliest episodes of state repression in modern Iranian history—has been condemned globally as mass murder against the nation's own citizens.

In response to this massacre, exiled Crown Prince Reza Pahlavi called for global demonstrations in solidarity with those inside Iran. On February 14–15, 2026, over one million people held massive rallies across Europe, North America, and Australia, voiced their support for the Iranian people's struggle against the regime and called for international intervention to end this murderous regime's ongoing atrocities.



Iranian Protesters Massacred by the Regime



Iranians Rallied in Toronto on February 14, 2026



During the widespread protests in January 2026, over a million Iranian people appealed to U.S. President Donald Trump for military intervention to stop the massacres by the murderous Iranian regime. “Vox Populi, Vox Dei” (“The Voice of the People is the Voice of God”).

When over a million Iranian people called for rescue, President Trump could not reject such a call for help, and he promised to the brave Iranian people, “help is on its way.” He subsequently ordered the U.S. aircraft carrier USS Abraham Lincoln—along with its associated carrier strike group—to deploy toward the Persian Gulf.

On February 28, 2026, President Trump fulfilled this promise to Iranians through coordinated U.S.-Israeli airstrikes, designated as Operation Epic Fury, targeting key elements of the Iranian regime. Within the first week, coordinated airstrikes destroyed numerous Iranian Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC) bases, sank most of Iran's navy vessels, and neutralized a significant portion of its military aircraft and ballistic missile capabilities.

The Operation Epic Fury was the answer to the calls from oppressed Iranian people after the murderous Iranian regime massacred up to 45,000 of unarmed Iranian people in January 2026. As the result, Iran's Supreme Leader Ayatollah Ali Khamenei and over two dozen top military, security, and government officials—including the defense minister, IRGC commander, and others—were killed in the initial US-Israeli strikes. Those Tehran Butchers who were responsible for the massacre of 45,000 Iranian protesters were mostly eliminated. That’s the judgment of God on those murderers of unarmed Iranian protesters.

II. The Solutions to End the War in Iran without Causing the Catastrophe of “Armageddon”

Although Iran's navy and air force have suffered devastating losses from U.S. and Israeli airstrikes, the regime continues to launch numerous missile and drone attacks against Israel, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, and other targets. Iran has effectively blocked the Strait of Hormuz, disrupting approximately 20% of global oil transit and driving crude oil prices up by around 60%. A prolonged conflict, reminiscent of the drawn-out war in Ukraine, could severely damage the world economy through sustained energy shocks, higher inflation, and strained supply chains.

Despite the superior missile and conventional weaponry of the United States and Israel, fully controlling Iran's vast territory remains a major challenge. Spanning roughly 636,000 square miles (about 80 times the size of Israel and larger than Texas and California combined) and home to approximately 92 million people, the country is difficult to occupy or stabilize. With most senior Iranian leaders and generals eliminated, the regime lacks authoritative figures capable of negotiating a ceasefire, resulting in continued attacks on vessels in the Strait of Hormuz and on neighboring countries hosting U.S. military bases.

Currently, the United States prefers to negotiate a ceasefire or peace agreement with the existing leadership of Iran's extremist Islamic regime. However, if the regime remains in power, its medieval-style theocracy will not change, nor will its deep hostility toward the United States and Israel. It will continue using its oil revenue to fund terrorist groups across the Middle East. Consequently, lasting peace in the region will remain unattainable, and the suffering of the Iranian people will persist indefinitely.

Therefore, the most favorable outcome of this war would be regime change in Iran — replacing the current theocracy with a modern, democratic state. As the Iranian people are deeply proud of their nation, they will not surrender to any foreign power. However, if a reputable Iranian leader emerges who can guide the country toward modern democracy with peace and prosperity, most Iranians would likely support him and rally behind his efforts to revive a nation with a once-glorious history. The best candidate for a pro-democratic Iranian leader is Exiled Crown Prince Reza Pahlavi, who has resided in the Western World for over 47 years and yet with deep root in the Iranian history.

1. Establish a New Iranian Government Led by Exiled Crown Prince Reza Pahlavi

After 47 years of oppression under Iran's extremist Islamic regime, many Iranians yearn for a return to the secular, pre-revolutionary era under Mohammad Reza Shah Pahlavi (r. 1941–1979), the last Shah and father of exiled Crown Prince Reza Pahlavi. Following the Shah's death in 1980, Reza Pahlavi—his eldest son and legitimate heir—has emerged as a prominent figure in the opposition against the extremist Islamic regime. During the massive 2025–2026 protests, calls for his return and leadership grew significantly among demonstrators seeking regime change.

On February 14-15, 2026, over one million Iranians and supporters rallied worldwide—in major gatherings in Munich (around 250,000), Toronto (estimated 350,000+), Los Angeles, and other cities across Europe, North America, and Australia—in response to Reza Pahlavi's call for a "Global Day of Action." These demonstrations expressed solidarity with protesters inside Iran and highlighted his considerable influence among the Iranian people demanding an end to the regime's rule.

Iran's population exceeds 92 million, with Persians (Fars) comprising about 60–61%, Azeris around 16–20%, Kurds approximately 10%, and other groups making up the rest. Many Persians take pride in Iran's ancient heritage and culture, predating the Arab-Muslim conquest, and seek a leader who can revive that glorious history while modernizing the country and moving beyond rigid, medieval-style governance. Prince Reza Pahlavi is viewed by his supporters as the ideal unifying figure—rooted in Persian tradition yet committed to secular democracy, long-term alliances with the United States and Israel, and guiding Iran toward prosperity and global integration.



Iranians Rallied in Los Angeles



Iranians Rallied in Munich on February 14, 2026

Historical parallels are often drawn: During World War II, the United States and Great Britain helped French General Charles de Gaulle establish the exiled French government, Free France (French: *France Libre*), which eventually assumed power post-liberation after the end of World War II. In contrast, France supported Ayatollah Khomeini in exile 47 years ago to help overthrow the Shah and started the extremist Islamic regime that has been oppressing Iranian people for the last 47 years. Now, it is time for the United States and Israel to support exiled Prince Reza Pahlavi in establishing a new, pro-Western government to decisively end the extremist Islamic regime in Iran.

Having resided in the United States for over 47 years since the 1979 Revolution, Prince Reza Pahlavi is deeply familiar with democratic institutions and systems. Supporters hope he could facilitate a similar transformation in Iran like General Douglas MacArthur oversaw in post-World War II Japan—overseeing stability, drafting a modern constitution, and enabling a transition to democracy and economic revival.

As of March 2026, amid the ongoing conflict, Prince Reza Pahlavi has publicly stated his readiness to lead a transitional period focused on restoring order, security, freedom, and conditions for prosperity, paving the way for Iranians to freely choose their future government. To smooth the transition of the Iranian government, he could recruit some moderate members of the current Iranian government—such as President Masoud Pezeshkian—to help form a joint government for a unified democratic Iran.

2. Call for Iranian Military Troops to Defect to the New Iranian Government to End the Extremist Islamic Regime in Iran

Iran is currently gripped by intense internal conflict between moderate President Masoud Pezeshkian and hard-line military officials within the Iranian Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC). President Pezeshkian is calling for a ceasefire, recognizing the severe financial crisis the nation is facing, while the IRGC — which controls roughly 50% of the country’s oil revenue — wants to continue fighting the United States and Israel and attacking neighboring Gulf nations, disregarding the severe economic hardship most Iranians are currently suffering.

Following devastating U.S. and Israeli airstrikes that destroyed most of Iran’s air force and navy, the country now stands largely defenseless, capable only of launching occasional retaliatory missile strikes. If the IRGC persists in firing missiles at neighboring countries and attempting to blockade the Strait of Hormuz, it will only deepen Iran’s international isolation and risk the complete and irreversible

destruction of the nation. Such a path would constitute a total disaster for the Iranian people. Only a fundamental regime change can halt these senseless attacks by the IRGC and pave the way for Iran to revive its shattered economy through sustained post-war reconstruction.

President Trump has demanded the unconditional surrender of Iran's Islamic regime. However, many Iranians, influenced by national pride and years of regime propaganda, are likely to reject outright capitulation to the United States or Israel. In contrast, if exiled Crown Prince Reza Pahlavi were to establish a new democratic government, a significant portion of Iranian military personnel, police, security forces, and government officials would likely defect to the new authority rather than defend a collapsing and oppressive regime.

In his public statements throughout early 2026, Crown Prince Reza Pahlavi has repeatedly emphasized that defectors would be welcomed into a future free Iran and has established formal channels to facilitate defections. As a result, a growing number of military and security personnel are signaling their readiness to switch sides or have already done so quietly. Prince Reza Pahlavi carries unique legitimacy as the son of the last Shah and enjoys strong support among the protesters. This approach — encouraging internal defections rather than demanding outright surrender — could prove the most effective way to accelerate the regime's collapse without prolonged foreign occupation or widespread chaos.

3. Support the Oppressed Iranian People with Weapons and Ammunition to Form the New National Guards for the New Iranian Government

For 47 years since the 1979 Islamic Revolution, Iran's people have endured severe oppression under the regime: arbitrary arrests, torture, executions of political opponents, journalists, and activists; harsh restrictions on women's rights, including violent enforcement of compulsory hijab (exemplified by Mahsa Amini's 2022 death in custody, sparking the "Woman, Life, Freedom" movement); and economic devastation from mismanagement, support for regional proxies, international sanctions, and hyperinflation.

Nationwide protests erupted at the end of 2025, escalating into one of the largest challenges to the regime, with millions demanding its overthrow. In January 2026, the murderous Iranian regime cut off the internet connection and began the massacre of unarmed Iranian protesters. It is estimated up to 45,000 Iranians were massacred in the brutal crackdowns ordered directly by the Supreme Leader Ali Khamenei.

Many brave Iranians have demonstrated extraordinary courage, willing to risk or sacrifice their lives for freedom and dignity. Yet, unarmed and facing heavily equipped regime security forces, tens of thousands of young protesters and civilians have been killed in brutal crackdowns by the murderous extremist Islamic regime. If these brave and determined Iranians had access to defensive weapons, they could protect themselves, resist repression more effectively, and accelerate the regime's downfall from within—without relying solely on prolonged external military action.

If the United States and Israel could provide military support to the brave Iranians, they could rally to form a new national guard under the leadership of Crown Prince Reza Pahlavi. Supplying modest quantities of cost-effective weapons — such as 100,000 to 500,000 AK-15 rifles and sufficient ammunition — would be far cheaper than prolonged missile strikes or bombing campaigns. This would enable Iranians to protect themselves from the massacres carried out by this murderous regime and empower an internal armed resistance capable of overthrowing the extremist Islamic regime.

Historical examples illustrate the power of armed internal revolt: In Syria, opposition forces led by Hayat Tahrir al-Sham captured Damascus and toppled Assad's regime in under a week in December 2024,

succeeding where decades of external efforts had failed. In Afghanistan, despite 20 years of U.S. training for government forces, the Taliban seized control rapidly in August 2021 as foreign troops withdrew.

These cases suggest that empowering Iran's own people with arms—rather than relying solely on external bombing—could enable them to overthrow the regime decisively. It would also reduce the risk of U.S. troop casualties associated with ground battles on Iranian territory. A new armed Iranian national guard would be more effective in fighting against the IRGC to overthrow the extremist Iranian regime.

4. Form a Fully Cooperative Alliance with Neighboring Gulf Nations to Safeguard the Gulf Region

In recent weeks, the Iranian Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC) has launched numerous missile attacks on neighboring Gulf countries, including Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Kuwait, Qatar, and Bahrain — many of which host U.S. military bases. The IRGC has also blockaded the Strait of Hormuz, demanding ransom from vessels passing through this vital international waterway. Such actions are unacceptable to all nations in the Gulf region and to countries worldwide that rely on the steady flow of oil from the area. As an international public waterway, no single nation has the right to obstruct or extort payment from ships passing through the Strait of Hormuz.

Outraged by the repeated missile attacks and the illegal blockade, several Gulf nations have voiced strong support for U.S. and Israeli efforts to prevent Iran from acquiring nuclear weapons. Many have also called for an end to the extremist Iranian regime through Operation Epic Fury. This development presents a valuable opportunity for the United States and Israel to forge a robust military alliance with key Gulf states aimed at protecting commercial shipping and oil tankers in the Strait of Hormuz.

Combining the advanced military capabilities of the United States and Israel with the financial resources and oil infrastructure of the Gulf nations would create a powerful US-Israel-Arab Alliance. This Alliance could effectively neutralize the IRGC's threats and blackmail tactics regarding the Strait of Hormuz. To reduce dependence on the strait, the United Arab Emirates could expand its existing pipelines linking the Persian Gulf to the Gulf of Oman, while Saudi Arabia could rehabilitate the Trans-Arabian Pipeline to export oil and gas through Jordan and Israel directly to the Mediterranean Sea and onward to Europe.

If the IRGC persists with its blockade, the US-Israel-Arab Alliance could impose a counter-blockade in the Gulf of Oman, intercepting cargo ships bound for Iran and oil tankers departing from Iranian ports. This strategy would allow the United States to sever Iran's oil revenue and military resupply lines without the high risks and casualties associated with ground operations inside Iran.

While there has been speculation about deploying U.S. ground troops to seize strategic islands in the Persian Gulf, such as Kharg Island, Greater Tunb, and Lesser Tunb, holding these positions would likely prove costly and expose the U.S. forces to sustained Iranian missile attacks. Similarly, President Trump's threat to destroy Iran's oil infrastructure and power plants, though intended to pressure the regime, risks causing severe civilian hardship and complicating post-war reconstruction. Such strikes could also provoke massive retaliation against energy facilities in Gulf countries and potentially escalate the conflict toward a catastrophe of biblical proportions — the "Armageddon" prophesied in the Book of Revelation (16:16).

Therefore, the most effective and least costly way to counter Iran's blockade of the Strait of Hormuz — without risking large-scale ground battles on Iranian soil — is for the United States and Israel to establish a fully cooperative military alliance with the Gulf nations. This US-Israel-Arab Alliance would secure the critical waterways of the Gulf region and serve as a stabilizing force for long-term peace and stability in the Middle East.

III. The Judgment of God on the Extremist Iranian Regime and the Future of the Middle East

Over the past 47 years since the 1979 Islamic Revolution, Iran's extremist regime has imposed rigid, medieval-style laws to oppress its people and plunged the nation into a modern Dark Age of authoritarian theocracy with suppression of dissent and severe restrictions on personal freedoms. It is similar to the Dark Age in the Later Medieval period in Europe (1300s–1500s), where the Catholic Church had near-absolute control over the secular world, branding dissent as heresy and enforcing it through persecution by the Inquisition. Similarly, Iran's clerical establishment exerts tight control over all aspects of Iranian people's life, punishing any deviation with imprisonment, torture, or execution through Islamic courts.

Since Islam began in the seventh century, approximately six hundred years after Christianity began in the first century, what happened in many Islamic countries today resembles what occurred during the Dark Ages in the Christian world six hundred years earlier. That's the learning curve most major religions in the world have experienced in the past four thousand years.

1. The Judgment of God on the Massacre of 45,000 Iranians during the Nationwide Protests in Iran

Currently, the extremist Islamic regime in Iran is repeating the same mistakes the Catholic Church made during the Dark Age six hundred years ago. This pattern of repression fueled massive nationwide protests erupting in late December 2025 and intensifying into January 2026, with millions demanding an end to the regime amid economic collapse and long-standing grievances.

Tragically, the Iranian government's response was ruthless: it imposed nationwide internet blackouts to conceal its actions and carried out mass killings of unarmed protesters, with death toll estimates over 35,000 (up to 45,000 as President Trump claimed). Security forces even entered hospitals to execute wounded demonstrators, detained and tortured the nurses caring for the injured. Some of the nurses were even gang-raped by the Iranian security forces and its associated militias. These are the horrific crimes against humanity for which the regime's leaders must be held accountable.

God has mercy on the long-suffering Iranian people, and the judgment of God came swiftly on those Tehran Butchers who ordered the massacre of Iranian people. Since the United States of America and Israel launched the airstrike against Iran on February 28, 2026, most of those Tehran Butchers who were responsible for the massacre of 45,000 Iranian people have been eliminated, including the Supreme leader of Iran Ayatollah Ari Khamenei and top commanders of the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC) and Basij militia forces.

This is a clear warning to all authoritarian regimes: God is merciful to all people on earth. No government should abuse its power to mistreat, persecute, or massacre its own citizens. If any authoritarian regime ruthlessly massacres its own people, the wrath of God will come upon it swiftly. Regime change in Iran is now imperative to end this era of repression, especially after it massacred over 45,000 Iranian people during the nationwide protests in January 2026.

2. The Judgment of God on the IRGC's Attacks on the Neighboring Gulf Countries

After the United States and Israel launched military strikes against Iran on February 28, 2026, the Iranian regime retaliated not only against U.S. and Israeli targets but also against neighboring countries hosting U.S. military bases—including Bahrain, Qatar, Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates, Saudi Arabia, Jordan, and others. These attacks extended to allied sites and, in some cases, civilian infrastructure.

Additionally, Iran has effectively blocked the Strait of Hormuz, halting or severely restricting about 20% of global oil flows. This has triggered an oil crisis, with crude oil prices surging by around 60%, contributing to elevated global inflation and energy costs.

On March 18, 2026, Iran began to strike on the oil refineries in Saudi Arabia and Kuwait and launched missile attacks on Qatar’s Ras Laffan Industrial City, home to the largest liquefied natural gas(LNG) export facility in the world. Most Arab nations now recognize the threat posed by this extremist Islamic regime—the primary sponsor of terrorism in the Middle East and a terrorist entity itself. The relentless missile attacks by the IRGC only strengthen Gulf nations’ determination that only regime change can eliminate the threat Iran poses to its neighbors and bring lasting peace to the region.

3. The Revival of the Thousand-Year-Old Friendship between Iran(Persia) and Israel

Before the 1979 Islamic Revolution, Iran and Israel enjoyed a good friendship under Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi. Iran became the first Muslim-majority country in the Middle East to recognize Israel following its establishment in 1948 after World War II. The historical ties between Persia (modern-day Iran) and the Jewish people extend back over 2,500 years.

In 539 BCE, Cyrus the Great of Persia defeated the Babylonian Empire at the Battle of Opis, conquering Babylon and ending the Babylonian captivity of the Jews. He permitted the Jewish exiles to return to Jerusalem and rebuild the Second Temple. Cyrus the Great was the only non-Jewish figure in the Hebrew Bible hailed as “messiah” or “anointed one,” in Isaiah 45:1.



Persian King Cyrus the Great Liberated Israel



Cyrus and Israel Prime Minister Netanyahu

Nowadays, most Jewish people still remain grateful for the liberation by the Persian King Cyrus the Great 2500 years ago. Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu publicly stated to the Iranian people that this time Israel would return Cyrus’ historic favor—liberating the Iranians from the oppressive Islamic regime in the same way Cyrus the Great once liberated the Jews. It is God’s plan to let these two ancient nations revive their thousand-year-old friendship once again.

4. The Solidification and Expansion of the Abraham Accords among the Descendants of Abraham

In September 2020, the United Arab Emirates and Bahrain signed agreements with Israel to normalize diplomatic relations. In the following months, Sudan and Morocco also joined the accords, although Sudan’s agreement remains unratified as of late 2024. These historic agreements, known as the Abraham Accords, recognize that both Israelis and Arabs are descendants of their common ancestor, Abraham. The accords were mediated by the United States under President Donald Trump during his first term.

Today, the common threat posed by the extremist Iranian regime has created an urgent need to expand the Abraham Accords to additional Arab nations in the Gulf. Strengthening these agreements will not only help secure lasting peace in the Middle East but also facilitate the post-war reconstruction and rebuilding of the region, including the Gaza Strip. It is God’s will to reconcile the children of Abraham and bring enduring peace to the Middle East.

5. The Improvement of the Relationship between Iran and the United States of America

Persia also holds a special place in Christian tradition: the three Magi (or wise men) who followed the Star of Bethlehem to bring gifts of gold, frankincense, and myrrh to the infant Jesus are traditionally believed to have come from Persia, a region renowned for its advanced knowledge of astrology in antiquity. Many Christians in the United States would like to help Persia—now Iran—restore its glorious history and culture.

However, the 1979 Islamic Revolution fundamentally altered Iran's trajectory. The new regime dismantled aspects of traditional Persian culture, adopted a sharply anti-Western and anti-Israel stance, and popularized slogans such as “Death to Israel” and “Death to America.”

Since the 1979 Islamic Revolution, Iran has engaged in a decades-long campaign of attacks against the United States, utilizing both direct actions and proxy forces like Hezbollah and the Houthis. Major incidents included the 1979 U.S. embassy hostage crisis, the 1983 Beirut barracks bombing, the 1996 Khobar Towers bombing, support for militias that killed over 600 U.S. troops in Iraq, and the capture of U.S. Navy vessels followed by the public humiliation of American sailors in exchange for a \$1.7 billion ransom in cash.

Unfortunately, previous U.S. presidents chose not to respond forcefully to these provocations by the extremist Islamic regime. President Trump is the first U.S. president with the courage and determination to confront and defeat this regime.



Iranians rallied in Los Angeles on Feb. 14, 2026



Iranians “Thank you to Trump & Netanyahu”

On February 28, 2026, President Trump fulfilled this promise to the Iranian people through coordinated U.S.-Israeli airstrikes, designated as Operation Epic Fury, targeting key elements of the Iranian regime. The Tehran Butchers who were responsible for the massacre of 45,000 Iranian protesters were mostly eliminated.

Therefore, it is God's judgment as well as the will of the people that the extremist Islamic regime in Iran must come to an end, especially after it massacred about 45,000 unarmed protesters in January 2026. With most of the leaders responsible for this atrocity now eliminated, the remaining Iranian military personnel and security forces should immediately cease all repression against the Iranian people and halt further aggression toward neighboring countries. Once the New Iranian government can ceasefire and reach a peace agreement with the United States and Israel, Iran will have a strong opportunity to rebuild and significantly improve its struggling economy.

A similar transformation occurred in Iraq around the 2003 war. In 2002, prior to the Iraq War, Iraq's nominal GDP was approximately \$21 billion. Most citizens endured severe poverty and shortages of basic necessities, including medicine, while the ruling elite under Saddam Hussein lived comfortably despite international sanctions. By 2013, ten years after the regime's overthrow by the United States and its allies, Iraq's GDP had risen to \$234 billion—more than a tenfold increase.

It is God's plan to send the United States to liberate the oppressed Iranian people from the authoritarian extremist Islamic regime, just as God sent the United States to liberate the oppressed Iraqi people from Saddam Hussein's authoritarian regime twenty years ago. However, if the IRGC continues fighting the United States or attacking neighboring Gulf states, Iran risks irreversible war damage from this mission of God. Ending the oppressive regime and pursuing peace presents a historic opportunity for the Iranian people to secure a much brighter future for Iran.

6. The End of the Dark Age in Iran

For nearly five decades, the Extremist Islamic Regime has ruled Iran under a medieval-style theocracy, systematically oppressing its people through severe human rights violations—including arbitrary arrests, torture, extrajudicial executions, and systemic gender discrimination, particularly against women. Its policies and governance resemble those of Europe during the Dark Ages approximately six centuries ago.

In addition, the regime has allocated the majority of its resources to the military expansion of the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC) and to sponsoring terrorist organizations across the Middle East, while neglecting the welfare of its own citizens. These mismanaged priorities are widely regarded as a primary cause of Iran's current economic and financial crisis.

God has mercy on the oppressed Iranian people who have endured decades of hardship under this regime. The time has come to end the Dark Age in Iran under the brutal rule of this extremist regime. The most effective way to end this war in Iran is to establish a fully democratic government free from any religious oversight or interference in secular affairs, thereby ending decades of theocratic control over civilian life. The Iranian forces should lay down their weapons and support the establishment of a new democratic government to create a more stable and prosperous future for the country.

The best candidate to lead this new democratic Iranian government should be exiled Crown Prince Reza Pahlavi. He has great influence and support among the Iranian people both inside the country and abroad, and he can serve as a unifying figure to unite all Iranians in rebuilding Iran for a better tomorrow. A potential power-sharing or transitional arrangement with current Iranian President Masoud Pezeshkian could provide continuity and bridge internal factions, provided it fully dismantles clerical supremacy. The time for medieval-style religious authority over secular life is over. Now is the time for Iranians to reintegrate into the modern world and reclaim their future.

This is the divine revelation of God for the future of Iran and for the enduring peace across the Middle East. God Bless Iranians!